

Package ‘metatools’

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Type Package

Title Enable the Use of 'metacore' to Help Create and Check Dataset

Version 0.1.3

Description Uses the metadata information stored in 'metacore' objects to check and build meta-data associated columns.

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Imports dplyr, metacore (>= 0.0.4), purrr, rlang, stringr, tidyr,
tibble, magrittr

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URL <https://pharmaverse.github.io/metatools/>

BugReports <https://github.com/pharmaverse/metatools/issues>

NeedsCompilation no

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add_labels	<i>Apply labels to multiple variables on a data frame</i>
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Description

This function allows a user to apply several labels to a dataframe at once.

Usage

```
add_labels(data, ...)
```

Arguments

data	A data.frame or tibble
...	Named parameters in the form of variable = 'label'

Value

data with variable labels applied

Examples

```
add_labels(
  mtcars,
  mpg = "Miles Per Gallon",
  cyl = "Cylinders"
)
```

add_variables	<i>Add Missing Variables</i>
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Description

This function adds in missing columns according to the type set in the metacore object. All values in the new columns will be missing, but typed correctly. If unable to recognize the type in the metacore object will return a logical type.

Usage

```
add_variables(dataset, metacore, dataset_name = NULL)
```

Arguments

dataset	Dataset to add columns to. If all variables are present no columns will be added.
metacore	metacore object that only contains the specifications for the dataset of interest.
dataset_name	Optional string to specify the dataset. This is only needed if the metacore object provided hasn't already been subsetted.

Value

The given dataset with any additional columns added

Examples

```
library(metacore)
library(haven)
library(dplyr)
load(metacore_example("pilot_ADaM.rda"))
spec <- metacore %>% select_dataset("ADSL")
data <- read_xpt(metatools_example("adsl.xpt")) %>%
  select(-TRTSDT, -TRT01P, -TRT01PN)
add_variables(data, spec)
```

build_from_derived	<i>Build a dataset from derived</i>
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Description

This function builds a dataset out of the columns that just need to be pulled through. So any variable that has a derivation in the format of 'dataset.variable' will be pulled through to create the new dataset. When there are multiple datasets present, they will be joined by the shared 'key_seq' variables. These columns are often called 'Predecessors' in ADaM, but this is not universal so that is optional to specify.

Usage

```
build_from_derived(
  metacore,
  ds_list,
  dataset_name = NULL,
  predecessor_only = TRUE,
  keep = FALSE
)
```

Arguments

metacore	metacore object that contains the specifications for the dataset of interest.
ds_list	Named list of datasets that are needed to build the from
dataset_name	Optional string to specify the dataset that is being built. This is only needed if the metacore object provided hasn't already been subsetted.
predecessor_only	By default 'FALSE', but if 'TRUE' will only use derivations with the origin of 'Predecessor'
keep	Boolean to determine if the original columns should be kept. By default 'FALSE', so only the ADaM columns are kept. If 'TRUE' the resulting dataset will have all the ADaM columns as well as any SDTM column that were renamed in the ADaM (i.e 'ARM' and 'TRT01P' will be in the resulting dataset)

Value

dataset

Examples

```
library(metacore)
library(haven)
library(magrittr)
load(metacore_example("pilot_ADaM.rda"))
spec <- metacore %>% select_dataset("ADSL")
ds_list <- list(DM = read_xpt(metatools_example("dm.xpt")))
build_from_derived(spec, ds_list, predecessor_only = FALSE)
```

build_qnam

Build the observations for a single QNAM

Description

Build the observations for a single QNAM

Usage

```
build_qnam(dataset, qnam, qlabel, idvar, qeval, qorig)
```

Arguments

dataset	Input dataset
qnam	QNAM value
qlabel	QLABEL value
idvar	IDVAR variable name (provided as a string)
qeval	QEVAL value to be populated for this QNAM
qorig	QORIG value to be populated for this QNAM

Value

Observations structured in SUPP format

check_ct_col	<i>Check Control Terminology for a Single Column</i>
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Description

This function checks the column in the dataset only contains the control terminology as defined by the metacore specification

Usage

```
check_ct_col(data, metacore, var, na_acceptable = NULL)
```

Arguments

data	Data to check
metacore	A metacore object to get the codelist from. If the variable has different codelists for different datasets the metacore object will need to be subsetted using 'select_dataset' from the metacore package.
var	Name of variable to check
na_acceptable	Logical value, set to 'NULL' by default, so the acceptability of missing values is based on if the core for the variable is "Required" in the 'metacore' object. If set to 'TRUE' then will pass check if values are in the control terminology or are missing. If set to 'FALSE' then NA will not be acceptable.

Value

Given data if column only contains control terms. If not, will error given the values which should not be in the column

Examples

```
library(metacore)
library(haven)
library(magrittr)
load(metacore_example("pilot_ADaM.rda"))
spec <- metacore %>% select_dataset("ADSL")
data <- read_xpt(metatools_example("adsl.xpt"))
check_ct_col(data, spec, TRT01PN)
check_ct_col(data, spec, "TRT01PN")
```

check_ct_data

Check Control Terminology for a Dataset

Description

This function checks that all columns in the dataset only contains the control terminology as defined by the metacore specification

Usage

```
check_ct_data(data, metacore, na_acceptable = NULL)
```

Arguments

data	Dataset to check
metacore	metacore object that contains the specifications for the dataset of interest. If any variable has different codelists for different datasets the metacore object will need to be subsetted using ‘select_dataset’ from the metacore package.
na_acceptable	Logical value, set to ‘NULL’ by default, so the acceptability of missing values is based on if the core for the variable is "Required" in the ‘metacore’ object. If set to ‘TRUE’ then will pass check if values are in the control terminology or are missing. If set to ‘FALSE’ then NA will not be acceptable.

Value

Given data if all columns pass. It will error otherwise

Examples

```
library(haven)
library(metacore)
library(magrittr)
load(metacore_example("pilot_ADaM.rda"))
spec <- metacore %>% select_dataset("ADSL")
data <- read_xpt(metatools_example("adsl.xpt"))
check_ct_data(data, spec)
```

check_variables	<i>Check Variable Names</i>
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Description

This function checks the variables in the dataset against the variables defined in the metacore specifications. If everything matches the function will return 'TRUE' and a message stating everything is as expected. If there are additional or missing variables and error will explain the discrepancies

Usage

```
check_variables(data, metacore, dataset_name = NULL)
```

Arguments

data	Dataset to check
metacore	metacore object that only contains the specifications for the dataset of interest.
dataset_name	Optional string to specify the dataset. This is only needed if the metacore object provided hasn't already been subsetted.

Value

message if the dataset matches the specification and the dataset, and error otherwise

Examples

```
library(haven)
library(metacore)
library(magrittr)
load(metacore_example("pilot_ADaM.rda"))
spec <- metacore %>% select_dataset("ADSL")
data <- read_xpt(metatools_example("adsl.xpt"))
check_variables(data, spec)
```

combine_supp	<i>Combine the Domain and Supplemental Qualifier</i>
--------------	--

Description

Combine the Domain and Supplemental Qualifier

Usage

```
combine_supp(dataset, supp)
```

Arguments

dataset	Domain dataset
supp	Supplemental Qualifier dataset

Value

a dataset with the supp variables added to it

Examples

```
library(safetyData)
library(tibble)
combine_supp(sdtm_ae, sdtm_suppa) %>% as_tibble()
```

convert_var_to_fct *Convert Variable to Factor with Levels Set by Control Terms*

Description

This function takes a dataset, a metacore object and a variable name. Then looks at the metacore object for the control terms for the given variable and uses that to convert the variable to a factor with those levels. If the control terminology is a code list, the code column will be used. The function fails if the control terminology is an external library

Usage

```
convert_var_to_fct(data, metacore, var)
```

Arguments

data	A dataset containing the variable to be modified
metacore	A metacore object to get the codelist from. If the variable has different codelists for different datasets the metacore object will need to be subsetted using 'select_dataset' from the metacore package
var	Name of variable to change

Value

Dataset with variable changed to a factor

Examples

```
library(metacore)
library(haven)
library(dplyr)
load(metacore_example("pilot_ADaM.rda"))
spec <- metacore %>% select_dataset("ADSL")
dm <- read_xpt(metatools_example("dm.xpt")) %>%
  select(USUBJID, SEX, ARM)
# Variable with codelist control terms
convert_var_to_fct(dm, spec, SEX)
# Variable with permitted value control terms
convert_var_to_fct(dm, spec, ARM)
```

create_cat_var	<i>Create Categorical Variable from Codelist</i>
----------------	--

Description

Using the grouping from either the ‘decode_var’ or ‘code_var’ and a reference variable (‘ref_var’) it will create a categorical variable and the numeric version of that categorical variable.

Usage

```
create_cat_var(data, metacore, ref_var, grp_var, num_grp_var = NULL)
```

Arguments

data	Dataset with reference variable in it
metacore	A metacore object to get the codelist from. If the variable has different codelists for different datasets the metacore object will need to be subsetted using ‘select_dataset’ from the metacore package.
ref_var	Name of variable to be used as the reference i.e AGE when creating AGEGR1
grp_var	Name of the new grouped variable
num_grp_var	Name of the new numeric decode for the grouped variable. This is optional if no value given no variable will be created

Value

dataset with new column added

Examples

```
library(metacore)
library(haven)
library(dplyr)
load(metacore_example("pilot_ADaM.rda"))
spec <- metacore %>% select_dataset("ADSL")
```

```
dm <- read_xpt(metatools_example("dm.xpt")) %>%
  select(USUBJID, AGE)
# Grouping Column Only
create_cat_var(dm, spec, AGE, AGEGR1)
# Grouping Column and Numeric Decode
create_cat_var(dm, spec, AGE, AGEGR1, AGEGR1N)
```

create_subgrps *Create Subgroups*

Description

Create Subgroups

Usage

```
create_subgrps(ref_vec, grp_defs)
```

Arguments

ref_vec	Vector of numeric values
grp_defs	Vector of strings with groupings defined. Format must be either: <00, >=00, 00-00, or 00-<00

Value

Character vector of the values in the subgroups

Examples

```
create_subgrps(c(1:10), c("<2", "2-5", ">5"))
create_subgrps(c(1:10), c("<=2", ">2-5", ">5"))
create_subgrps(c(1:10), c("<2", "2-<5", ">=5"))
```

create_var_from_codelist
Create Variable from Codelist

Description

This functions uses code/decode pairs from a metacore object to create new variables in the data

Usage

```
create_var_from_codelist(
  data,
  metacore,
  input_var,
  out_var,
  decode_to_code = TRUE
)
```

Arguments

data	Dataset that contains the input variable
metacore	A metacore object to get the codelist from. If the 'out_var' has different codelists for different datasets the metacore object will need to be subsetted using 'select_dataset' from the metacore package.
input_var	Name of the variable that will be translated for the new column
out_var	Name of the output variable. Note: the grouping will always be from the code of the codelist associates with 'out_var'
decode_to_code	Direction of the translation. By default assumes the 'input_var' is the decode column of the codelist. Set to 'FALSE' if the 'input_var' is the code column of the codelist

Value

Dataset with a new column added

Examples

```
library(metacore)
library(tibble)
data <- tribble(
  ~USUBJID, ~VAR1, ~VAR2,
  1, "M", "Male",
  2, "F", "Female",
  3, "F", "Female",
  4, "U", "Unknown",
  5, "M", "Male",
)
spec <- spec_to_metacore(metacore_example("p21_mock.xlsx"), quiet = TRUE)
create_var_from_codelist(data, spec, VAR2, SEX)
create_var_from_codelist(data, spec, "VAR2", "SEX")
create_var_from_codelist(data, spec, VAR1, SEX, decode_to_code = FALSE)
```

drop_unspec_vars *Drop Unspecified Variables*

Description

This function drops all unspecified variables. It will throw an error if the dataset does not contain all expected variables.

Usage

```
drop_unspec_vars(dataset, metacore, dataset_name = NULL)
```

Arguments

dataset	Dataset to change
metacore	metacore object that only contains the specifications for the dataset of interest.
dataset_name	Optional string to specify the dataset. This is only needed if the metacore object provided hasn't already been subsetted.

Value

Dataset with only specified columns

Examples

```
library(metacore)
library(haven)
library(dplyr)
load(metacore_example("pilot_ADaM.rda"))
spec <- metacore %>% select_dataset("ADSL")
data <- read_xpt(metatools_example("adsl.xpt")) %>%
  select(USUBJID, SITEID) %>%
  mutate(foo = "Hello")
drop_unspec_vars(data, spec)
```

make_supp_qual *Make Supplemental Qualifier*

Description

Make Supplemental Qualifier

Usage

```
make_supp_qual(dataset, metacore, dataset_name = NULL)
```

Arguments

dataset	dataset the supp will be pulled from
metacore	A subsetted metacore object to get the supp information from. If not already subsetted then a 'dataset_name' will need to be provided
dataset_name	optional name of dataset

Value

a CDISC formatted SUPP dataset

Examples

```
library(metacore)
library(safetyData)
library(tibble)
load(metacore_example("pilot_SDTM.rda"))
spec <- metacore %>% select_dataset("AE")
ae <- combine_supp(sdtm_ae, sdtm_suppaes)
make_supp_qual(ae, spec) %>% as_tibble()
```

metatools_example *Get path to pkg example*

Description

pkg comes bundled with a number of sample files in its 'inst/extdata' directory. This function make them easy to access

Usage

```
metatools_example(file = NULL)
```

Arguments

file	Name of file. If 'NULL', the example files will be listed.
------	--

Examples

```
metatools_example()
metatools_example("dm.xpt")
```

order_cols	<i>Sort Columns by Order</i>
------------	------------------------------

Description

This function sorts the dataset according to the order found in the metacore object.

Usage

```
order_cols(data, metacore, dataset_name = NULL)
```

Arguments

data	Dataset to sort
metacore	metacore object that contains the specifications for the dataset of interest.
dataset_name	Optional string to specify the dataset. This is only needed if the metacore object provided hasn't already been subsetted.

Value

dataset with ordered columns

Examples

```
library(metacore)
library(haven)
library(magrittr)
load(metacore_example("pilot_ADaM.rda"))
spec <- metacore %>% select_dataset("ADSL")
data <- read_xpt(metatools_example("adsl.xpt"))
order_cols(data, spec)
```

remove_labels	<i>Remove labels to multiple variables on a data frame</i>
---------------	--

Description

This function allows a user to removes all labels to a dataframe at once.

Usage

```
remove_labels(data)
```

Arguments

data	A data.frame or tibble
------	------------------------

Value

data with variable labels applied

Examples

```
library(haven)
data <- read_xpt(metatools_example("adsl.xpt"))
remove_labels(data)
```

set_variable_labels *Apply labels to a data frame using a metacore object*

Description

This function leverages metadata available in a metacore object to apply labels to a data frame.

Usage

```
set_variable_labels(data, metacore, dataset_name = NULL)
```

Arguments

data	A dataframe or tibble upon which labels will be applied
metacore	metacore object that contains the specifications for the dataset of interest.
dataset_name	Optional string to specify the dataset. This is only needed if the metacore object provided hasn't already been subsetted.

Value

Dataframe with labels applied

Examples

```
mc <- metacore::spec_to_metacore(
  metacore::metacore_example("p21_mock.xlsx"),
  quiet=TRUE
)
dm <- haven::read_xpt(metatools_example("dm.xpt"))
set_variable_labels(dm, mc, dataset_name = "DM")
```

sort_by_key	<i>Sort Rows by Key Sequence</i>
-------------	----------------------------------

Description

This function sorts the dataset according to the key sequence found in the metacore object.

Usage

```
sort_by_key(data, metacore, dataset_name = NULL)
```

Arguments

data	Dataset to sort
metacore	metacore object that contains the specifications for the dataset of interest.
dataset_name	Optional string to specify the dataset. This is only needed if the metacore object provided hasn't already been subsetted.

Value

dataset with ordered columns

Examples

```
library(metacore)
library(haven)
library(magrittr)
load(metacore_example("pilot_ADaM.rda"))
spec <- metacore %>% select_dataset("ADSL")
data <- read_xpt(metatools_example("adsl.xpt"))
sort_by_key(data, spec)
```


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