

# Package ‘ebvcube’

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**Title** Working with netCDF for Essential Biodiversity Variables

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**Description** The concept of Essential Biodiversity Variables (EBV) comes with a data structure based on the Network Common Data Form (netCDF). The 'ebvcube' 'R' package provides functionality to easily create, access and visualise this data. The EBV netCDFs can be downloaded from the EBV Data Portal: Christian Langer/ iDiv (2020) <<https://portal.geobon.org/>>.

**URL** <https://portal.geobon.org/> <https://geobon.org/ebvs/what-are-ebvs/>  
<https://github.com/LuiseQuoss/ebvcube>

**BugReports** <https://github.com/LuiseQuoss/ebvcube/issues>

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---

EBV netCDF properties-class  
*EBV netCDF properties class (S4)*

---

### Description

EBV netCDF properties class (S4)

### Value

S4 class containing the EBV netCDF properties

### Slots

general Named list. Elements: title, description, ebv\_class, ebv\_name, ebv\_domain, references, source, project\_name, project\_url, creator\_name, creator\_institution, creator\_email, contributor\_name, publisher\_name, publisher\_institution, publisher\_email, comment, keywords, id, history, licence, conventions, naming\_authority, date\_created, date\_issued, entity\_names, entity\_type, entity\_scope, entity\_classification\_name, entity\_classification\_url

spatial Named list. Elements: wkt2, epsg, extent, resolution, crs\_units, dimensions, scope, description

temporal Named list. Elements: resolution, units, timesteps, timesteps\_natural  
 metric Named list. Elements: name, description  
 scenario Named list. Elements: name, description  
 ebv\_cube Named list. Elements: units, coverage\_content\_type, fillvalue, type

### Note

If the properties class holds e.g. no scenario information this is indicated with an element called status in the list.

If you read an EBV netCDF based on an older standard, the properties will differ from the definition above.

---

 ebvcube

---

*Working with netCDF for Essential Biodiversity Variables*


---

### Description

This package can be used to easily access the data of the EBV netCDFs which can be downloaded from the [Geobon Portal](#). It also provides some basic visualization of the data. Advanced users can build their own netCDFs with the EBV standard using this package.

### Details

This package contains three main usecases: accessing the data, visualising it and creating your own data in the EBV netCDF standard.

---

 ebv\_add\_data

---

*Add data to a self-created EBV netCDF*


---

### Description

Add data to the self-created EBV netCDF from GeoTiffs. First, create a new EBV netCDF using [ebv\\_create\(\)](#).

### Usage

```
ebv_add_data(
  filepath_nc,
  datacube_path,
  entity = NULL,
  timestep = 1,
  data,
  band = 1,
  ignore_RAM = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

filepath_nc	Character. Path to the self-created netCDF file.
datacubeopath	Character. Path to the datacube (use <a href="#">ebv_datacubeopaths()</a> ).
entity	Character or Integer. Default is NULL. If the structure is 3D, the entity argument is set to NULL. Else, a character string or single integer value must indicate the entity of the 4D structure of the EBV netCDFs. The character string can be obtained using <a href="#">ebv_properties()</a> . Choose the entity you are interested in from the slot general and the list item entity_names.
timestep	Integer. Default: 1. Define to which timestep or timesteps the data should be added. If several timesteps are given they have to be in a continuous order. Meaning c(4,5,6) is right but c(2,5,6) is wrong.
data	Character or matrix or array. If character: Path to the GeoTiff file containing the data. Ending needs to be *.tif. If matrix or array: in-memory object holding the data.
band	Integer. Default: 1. Define which band(s) to read from GeoTiff. Can be several. Don't have to be in order as the timesteps definition requires.
ignore_RAM	Logical. Default: FALSE. Checks if there is enough space in your memory to read the data. Can be switched off (set to TRUE). Ignore this argument when you give an array or a matrix for 'data' (it will do nothing).
verbose	Logical. Default: TRUE. Turn off additional prints by setting it to FALSE.

**Value**

Adds data to the EBV netCDF. Check your results using [ebv\\_read\(\)](#) and/or [ebv\\_analyse\(\)](#) and/or [ebv\\_map\(\)](#) and/or [ebv\\_trend\(\)](#).

**Note**

If the data exceeds your memory the RAM check will throw an error. No block-processing or other method implemented so far. Move to a machine with more capacities if needed.

**Examples**

```
#set path to EBV netCDF
file <- system.file(file.path("extdata", "martins_comcom_id1_20220208_v1.nc"), package="ebvcube")
#get all datacubeopaths of EBV netCDF
datacubeopaths <- ebv_datacubeopaths(file, verbose=FALSE)
#set path to GeoTiff with data
tif <- system.file(file.path("extdata", "entity1.tif"), package="ebvcube")

# add data to the timestep 1, 2 and 3 using the first three bands of the GeoTiff
## Not run:
ebv_add_data(filepath_nc = file, datacubeopath = datacubeopaths[1,1],
             entity = 1, timestep = 1:3, data = tif, band = 1:3)

## End(Not run)
```

---

 ebv\_analyse

*Get a simple explorative analysis of an EBV netCDF datacube*


---

## Description

Get basic measurements of the data, including min, max, mean, sd, n, #NAs, q25, q50, q75 (no mean for categorical data).

## Usage

```
ebv_analyse(
  filepath,
  datacube_path,
  entity = NULL,
  timestep = 1,
  subset = NULL,
  touches = TRUE,
  epsg = 4326,
  numerical = TRUE,
  na_rm = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

## Arguments

filepath	Character. Path to the netCDF file.
datacube_path	Character. Path to the datacube (use <a href="#">ebv_datacube_paths()</a> ).
entity	Character or Integer. Default is NULL. If the structure is 3D, the entity argument is set to NULL. Else, a character string or single integer value must indicate the entity of the 4D structure of the EBV netCDFs.
timestep	Integer. Choose one or several timesteps (vector).
subset	Optional if you want measurements on a smaller subset. Possible via the path to a shapefile (character) or the indication of a bounding box (vector of four numeric values) defining the subset. Else the whole area is analysed.
touches	Logical. Optional. Default: TRUE. Only relevant if the subset is indicated by a shapefile. See <a href="#">ebv_read_shp()</a> .
epsg	Numeric. Optional. Only relevant if the subset is indicated by a bounding box and the coordinate reference system differs from WGS84. See <a href="#">ebv_read_bb()</a> .
numerical	Logical. Default: TRUE. Change to FALSE if the data covered by the netCDF contains categorical data.
na_rm	Logical. Default: TRUE. NA values are removed in the analysis. Change to FALSE to include NAs.
verbose	Logical. Default: TRUE. Turn off additional prints by setting it to FALSE.

**Value**

Returns a named list containing the measurements.

**See Also**

[ebv\\_read\\_bb\(\)](#) and [ebv\\_read\\_shp\(\)](#) for the usage of subsets.

**Examples**

```
#set path to EBV netCDF
file <- system.file(file.path("extdata", "martins_comcom_id1_20220208_v1.nc"), package="ebvcube")
#get all datacube paths of EBV netCDF
datacubes <- ebv_datacube_paths(file, verbose=FALSE)
#set path to shp file
shp_path <- system.file(file.path("extdata", "subset_germany.shp"), package="ebvcube")

#get measurements for full extent and all timesteps
data_global <- ebv_analyse(filepath = file, datacube_path = datacubes[1,1],
                          entity = 1, timestep = 1:3)

#get measurements for germany only (using bounding box) and one timestep
data_bb_1900 <- ebv_analyse(filepath = file, datacube_path = datacubes[1,1],
                           entity = 1, timestep = 2, subset = c(5,15,47,55))

#get measurements for germany only (using shp) and one timestep
data_shp_1900 <- ebv_analyse(filepath = file, datacube_path = datacubes[1,1],
                             entity = 1, timestep = 3, subset = shp_path)
```

---

 ebv\_attribute

---

*Write a new attribute value to an EBV netCDF*


---

**Description**

Write a new attribute value to an EBV netCDF. Not all attributes can be changed. Some are always created automatically, e.g. the attributes belonging to the crs, time and var\_entity datasets. In this case you have to re-create the netCDF file.

**Usage**

```
ebv_attribute(
  filepath,
  attribute_name,
  value,
  levelpath = NULL,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

filepath	Character. Path to the netCDF file.
attribute_name	Character. Name of the attribute that should be changed.
value	New value that should be assigned to the attribute.
levelpath	Character. Default: NULL. Indicates the location of the attribute. The default means that the attribute is located at a global level. If the attribute is located at the datacubelevel just add the datacube path, e.g. metric_1/ebv_cube. For the metric level the value may be 'metric_1' or 'scenario_1/metric_1'. This path depends on whether the netCDF hierarchy has scenarios or not.
verbose	Logical. Default: TRUE. Turn off additional prints by setting it to FALSE.

**Value**

Adds the new value to the attribute. Check your results using [ebv\\_properties\(\)](#).

**Note**

You can change the `ebv_class` and the `ebv_name`. In this case you need to change the `ebv_class` first. Don't forget to change the `ebv_name` accordingly!

**Examples**

```
#set path to EBV netCDF
file <- system.file(file.path("extdata", "martins_comcom_id1_20220208_v1.nc"), package="ebvcube")

## Not run:
try({
#change the standard_name of the metric
attribute1 <- 'standard_name'
value1 <- 'Relative change in the number of species (%)'
level1 <- 'metric_1'
ebv_attribute(filepath = file, attribute_name = attribute1,
              value = value1, level = level1)

#change the units of the ebv_cube
attribute2 <- 'units'
value2 <- 'mean'
level2 <- 'metric_1/ebv_cube' #equal to the datacube path
ebv_attribute(filepath = file, attribute_name = attribute2,
              value = value2, level = level2)

#change the name of the creator at the global level
attribute3 <- 'creator_name'
value3 <- 'Jane Doe'
ebv_attribute(filepath = file, attribute_name = attribute3,
              value = value3)
}, TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

---

 ebv\_create

 Create an EBV netCDF
 

---

### Description

Create the core structure of the EBV NetCDF based on the json from the [Geobon Portal API](#). Data will be added afterwards. Use `ebv_add_data()` to add the missing data.

### Usage

```
ebv_create(
  jsonpath,
  outputpath,
  entities,
  epsg = 4326,
  extent = c(-180, 180, -90, 90),
  resolution = c(1, 1),
  timesteps = NULL,
  fillvalue = NULL,
  prec = "double",
  sep = ",",
  force_4D = TRUE,
  overwrite = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

### Arguments

jsonpath	Character. Path to the json file downloaded from the <a href="#">Geobon Portal API</a> .
outputpath	Character. Set path where the NetCDF file should be created.
entities	Character string or vector of character strings. In case of single character string: Path to the csv table holding the entity names. Default: comma-separated delimiter, else change the sep argument accordingly. Should have only one column, each row is the name of one entity. In case of vector of character strings: Vector holding the entity names.
epsg	Integer. Default: 4326 (WGS84). Defines the coordinate reference system via the corresponding epsg code.
extent	Numeric. Default: c(-180,180,-90,90). Defines the extent of the data: c(xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax).
resolution	Numerical. Vector of two numerical values defining the longitudinal and latitudinal resolution of the pixel: c(lon,lat).
timesteps	Character. Vector of the timesteps in the dataset. Default: NULL - in this case the time will be calculated from the start-, endpoint and temporal resolution given in the metadata file (json). Else, the dates must be given in in ISO format 'YYYY-MM-DD' or shortened 'YYYY' in case of yearly timesteps.



fillvalue	Numeric. Value of the missing data in the array. Not mandatory but should be defined!
prec	Character. Default: 'double'. Precision of the data set. Valid options: 'short' 'integer' 'float' 'double' 'char' 'byte'.
sep	Character. Default: ','. If the delimiter of the csv specifying the entity-names differs from the default, indicate here.
force_4D	Logical. Default is TRUE. If the argument is TRUE, there will be 4D cubes (lon, lat, time, entity) per metric. If this argument is changed to FALSE, there will be 3D cubes (lon, lat, time) per entity (per metric). So the latter yields a higher amount of cubes and does not bundle all information per metric. In the future the standard will be restricted to the 4D version. Recommendation: go with the 4D cubes!
overwrite	Logical. Default: FALSE. Set to TRUE to overwrite the output file defined by 'outputpath'.
verbose	Logical. Default: TRUE. Turn off additional prints by setting it to FALSE.

**Value**

Creates the netCDF file at the 'outputpath' location.

**Note**

To check out the results take a look at your netCDF file with [Panoply](#) provided by the NASA.

**Examples**

```
#set path to JSON file
json <- system.file(file.path("extdata", "metadata.json"), package="ebvcube")
#set output path of the new EBV netCDF
out <- file.path(system.file(package='ebvcube'), "extdata", "sCAR_new.nc")
#set path to the csv holding the entity names
entities <- file.path(system.file(package='ebvcube'), "extdata", "entities.csv")

#create new EBV netCDF
## Not run:
ebv_create(jsonpath = json, outputpath = out, entities = entities,
           fillvalue=-3.4E38)

## End(Not run)
```

---

ebv\_datacubePaths      *Get datacubePaths of EBV netCDF*

---

**Description**

Get the paths to the datacubes of the EBV netCDF to access the data.

**Usage**

```
ebv_datacubepaths(filepath, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

filepath            Character. Path to the netCDF file.  
 verbose            Logical. Default: TRUE. Turn off additional prints by setting it to FALSE.

**Value**

Dataframe containing the paths to access the datacubes and descriptions of scenario, metric and entity if existing.

**Examples**

```
#set path to EBV netCDF
file <- system.file(file.path("extdata", "martins_comcom_id1_20220208_v1.nc"), package="ebvcube")

#get all datacubepaths of EBV netCDF
datacubes <- ebv_datacubepaths(file)
```

---

ebv_download	<i>Download an EBV netCDF file</i>
--------------	------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Returns the list of all available data sets at the EBV Portal if you no arguments are given. If an ID is given, the corresponding file (netCDF) and its metadata (json file) will be downloaded to the given output directory.

**Usage**

```
ebv_download(id = NULL, outputdir, overwrite = FALSE, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

id                    Integer or Character. Must be a single integer value or a character string representing the title of the data set. Both can be retrieved by running `ebv_download()` without any arguments which returns the list of data sets available and their title and ID.

outputdir            Character. Output directory of the downloaded files.

overwrite            Logical. Default: FALSE. Set to TRUE if you want to overwrite the netCDF and json.

verbose              Logical. Default: TRUE. Turn off additional prints by setting it to FALSE.

**Value**

Downloades a netCDF and json file to the given output directory.

**Examples**

```
#get all available datasets
datasets <- ebv_download()

ebv_download(id = datasets$id[1], outputdir =
tempdir(), overwrite=TRUE,
verbose=FALSE)
```

---

ebv_map	<i>Map plot of an EBV netCDF</i>
---------	----------------------------------

---

**Description**

Map plot of the data of one timestep in one datacube of an EBV netCDF.

**Usage**

```
ebv_map(
  filepath,
  datacube_path,
  entity = NULL,
  timestep = 1,
  countries = TRUE,
  col_rev = FALSE,
  classes = 5,
  all_data = FALSE,
  ignore_RAM = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

- filepath            Character. Path to the netCDF file.
- datacube\_path     Character. Path to the datacube (use [ebv\\_datacube\\_paths\(\)](#)).
- entity             Character or Integer. Default is NULL. If the structure is 3D, the entity argument is set to NULL. Else, a character string or single integer value must indicate the entity of the 4D structure of the EBV netCDFs.
- timestep           Integer. Choose one timestep.
- countries          Logical. Default: TRUE. Simple country outlines will be plotted on top of the raster data. Disable by setting this option to FALSE.

col_rev	Logical. Default: FALSE Set to TRUE if you want the color ramp to be the other way around.
classes	Integer. Default: 5. Define the amount of classes (quantiles) for the symbology. Currently restricted to maximum 15 classes.
all_data	Logical. Default: FALSE. The quantiles are based on the one timestep you chose (default). If you want include the full data of the datacube to produce several maps that are based on the same color scale, set this argument to TRUE (to allow for viusual comparison between entities or timesteps. Does not cover different datacubes.)
ignore_RAM	Logical. Default: FALSE. Checks if there is enough space in your memory to read the data. Can be switched off (set to TRUE).
verbose	Logical. Default: TRUE. Turn off additional prints by setting it to FALSE.

**Value**

Plots a map.

**Examples**

```
#set path to EBV netCDF
file <- system.file(file.path("extdata", "martins_comcom_id1_20220208_v1.nc"), package="ebvcube")
#get all datacube paths of EBV netCDF
datacubes <- ebv_datacube_paths(file, verbose=FALSE)

#plot a map for the 3rd timestep, divide into 7 classes
ebv_map(filepath = file, datacube_path = datacubes[1,1], entity = 1,
        timestep = 3, classes = 7)
```

---

ebv_properties	<i>Read properties of EBV netCDF</i>
----------------	--------------------------------------

---

**Description**

Structured access to all attributes of the netCDF file.

**Usage**

```
ebv_properties(filepath, datacube_path = NULL, verbose = TRUE)
```

**Arguments**

filepath	Character. Path to the netCDF file.
datacube_path	Character. Optional. Path to the datacube (use <a href="#">ebv_datacube_paths()</a> ).
verbose	Logical. Default: TRUE. Turn off additional prints by setting it to FALSE.

**Value**

S4 class containing information about file or file and datacube depending on input.

**Examples**

```
#set path to EBV netCDF
file <- system.file(file.path("extdata", "martins_comcom_id1_20220208_v1.nc"), package="ebvcube")
#get all datacube paths of EBV netCDF
datacubes <- ebv_datacube_paths(file, verbose=FALSE)

#get properties only for the file
prop_file <- ebv_properties(file)
#get properties for the file and a specific datacube
prop_dc <- ebv_properties(file, datacubes[1,1])
```

---

 ebv\_read

*Read data from an EBV netCDF*


---

**Description**

Read one or more layers from one datacube of the netCDF file. Decide between in-memory array, in-memory SpatRaster or an array-like object (DelayedMatrix) pointing to the on-disk netCDF file. The latter is useful for data that exceeds your memory.

**Usage**

```
ebv_read(
  filepath,
  datacube_path,
  entity = NULL,
  timestep = 1,
  type = "a",
  sparse = FALSE,
  ignore_RAM = FALSE,
  verbose = FALSE
)
```

**Arguments**

filepath	Character. Path to the netCDF file.
datacube_path	Character. Path to the datacube (use <a href="#">ebv_datacube_paths()</a> ).
entity	Character or Integer. Default is NULL. If the structure is 3D, the entity argument is set to NULL. Else, a character string or single integer value must indicate the entity of the 4D structure of the EBV netCDFs.
timestep	Integer. Choose one or several timesteps (vector).

type	Character. Choose between 'a', 'r' and 'da'. The first returns an array or matrix object. The 'r' indicates that a SpatRaster object from the terra package will be returned. The latter ('da') returns a DelayedArray or DelayedMatrix object.
sparse	Logical. Default: FALSE. Set to TRUE if the data contains a lot empty raster cells. Only relevant for DelayedArray return value.
ignore_RAM	Logical. Default: FALSE. Checks if there is enough space in your memory to read the data. Can be switched off (set to TRUE).
verbose	Logical. Default: TRUE. Turn off additional prints by setting it to FALSE.

### Value

Array, SpatRaster or DelayedArray object containing the data of the corresponding datacube and timestep(s).

### Note

For working with the DelayedMatrix take a look at [DelayedArray::DelayedArray\(\)](#) and the [DelayedArray-utils](#).

### Examples

```
#set path to EBV netCDF
file <- system.file(file.path("extdata", "martins_comcom_id1_20220208_v1.nc"), package="ebvcube")
#get all datacube paths of EBV netCDF
datacubes <- ebv_datacube_paths(file, verbose=FALSE)

#read data as DelayedArray
cSAR.delayedarray <- ebv_read(filepath = file, datacube_path = datacubes[1,1],
                             entity = 1, timestep = c(1,3), type='da',
                             sparse = TRUE)

#read data as Raster
cSAR.raster <- ebv_read(filepath = file, datacube_path = datacubes[1,1],
                       entity = 1, timestep = 1:3, type='r')

#read data as Array
cSAR.array <- ebv_read(filepath = file, datacube_path = datacubes[1,1],
                      entity = 1, timestep = 1, type='r')
```

---

ebv\_read\_bb

*Read subset (bounding box) of one datacube of an EBV netCDF*

---

### Description

Read a subset of one or more layers from one datacube of the NetCDF file. Subset definition by a bounding box.

**Usage**

```

ebv_read_bb(
  filepath,
  datacubeopath,
  entity = NULL,
  timestep = 1,
  bb,
  outputpath = NULL,
  epsg = 4326,
  overwrite = FALSE,
  ignore_RAM = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE
)

```

**Arguments**

filepath	Character. Path to the netCDF file.
datacubeopath	Character. Path to the datacube (use <a href="#">ebv_datacubeopaths()</a> ).
entity	Character or Integer. Default is NULL. If the structure is 3D, the entity argument is set to NULL. Else, a character string or single integer value must indicate the entity of the 4D structure of the EBV netCDFs.
timestep	Integer. Choose one or several timesteps.
bb	Integer Vector. Definition of subset by bounding box: c(xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax).
outputpath	Character. Default: NULL, returns the data as a raster object in memory. Optional: set path to write subset as GeoTiff on disk.
epsg	Integer. Default: 4326 (WGS84). Change accordingly if your bounding box coordinates are based on a different coordinate reference system.
overwrite	Logical. Default: FALSE. Set to TRUE to overwrite the outputfile defined by 'outputpath'.
ignore_RAM	Logical. Default: FALSE. Checks if there is enough space in your memory to read the data. Can be switched off (set to TRUE).
verbose	Logical. Default: TRUE. Turn off additional prints by setting it to FALSE.

**Value**

Returns a raster object if no outputpath is given. Otherwise the subset is written onto the disk and the outputpath is returned.

**Note**

In case the epsg of the Bounding Box and the netCDF differ, the data is returned based on the epsg of the netCDF Dataset.

**See Also**

[ebv\\_read\\_shp\(\)](#) for subsetting via shapefile.

**Examples**

```

#set path to EBV netCDF
file <- system.file(file.path("extdata", "martins_comcom_id1_20220208_v1.nc"), package="ebvcube")
#get all datacube paths of EBV netCDF
datacubes <- ebv_datacube_paths(file, verbose=FALSE)

#set output path
out <- file.path(system.file(package='ebvcube'), "extdata", "subset_bb.tif")
#define two different bounding boxes based on different EPSG codes
bb_wgs84 <- c(5,15,47,55)
bb_utm32 <- c(271985, 941837, 5232640, 6101151)

#read bb (based on EPSG 4326) - return Raster
cSAR.germany <- ebv_read_bb(filepath = file, datacube_path = datacubes[1,1],
                           entity = 1, timestep = 1:3, bb = bb_wgs84)

## Not run:
#read bb (based on EPSG 4326) - write to GeoTiff
path <- ebv_read_bb(filepath = file, datacube_path = datacubes[1,1],
                   entity = 1, timestep = 1, bb = bb_wgs84,
                   outputpath = out, overwrite = TRUE)

#read bb (based on EPSG 32632) - write to GeoTiff
path <- ebv_read_bb(filepath = file, datacube_path = datacubes[1,1],
                   entity = 1, timestep = 1:2, bb = bb_utm32,
                   epsg = 32632, outputpath = out, overwrite = TRUE)

## End(Not run)

```

---

ebv\_read\_shp

*Read subset (shapefile) of one datacube of an EBV netCDF*


---

**Description**

Read a subset of one or more layers from one datacube of the netCDF file. Subset definition by a shapefile.

**Usage**

```

ebv_read_shp(
  filepath,
  datacube_path,
  entity = NULL,
  timestep = 1,
  shp,
  outputpath = NULL,
  touches = TRUE,
  overwrite = FALSE,

```



```

    ignore_RAM = FALSE,
    verbose = TRUE
)

```

### Arguments

filepath	Character. Path to the netCDF file.
datacubeopath	Character. Path to the datacube (use <a href="#">ebv_datacubeopath()</a> ).
entity	Character or Integer. Default is NULL. If the structure is 3D, the entity argument is set to NULL. Else, a character string or single integer value must indicate the entity of the 4D structure of the EBV netCDFs.
timestep	Integer. Choose one or several timesteps (vector).
shp	Character. Path to the shapefile defining the subset. Ending needs to be *.shp.
outputpath	Character. Default: NULL, returns the data as a raster object in memory. Optional: set path to write subset as GeoTiff on disk.
touches	Logical. Default: TRUE, all pixels touched by the polygon(s) will be updated. Set to FALSE to only include pixels that are on the line render path or have center points inside the polygon(s).
overwrite	Logical. Default: FALSE. Set to TRUE to overwrite the outputfile defined by 'outputpath'.
ignore_RAM	Logical. Default: FALSE. Checks if there is enough space in your memory to read the data. Can be switched off (set to TRUE).
verbose	Logical. Default: TRUE. Turn off additional prints by setting it to FALSE.

### Value

Returns a raster object if no outputpath is given. Otherwise the subset is written onto the disk and the outputpath is returned.

### See Also

[ebv\\_read\\_bb\(\)](#) for subsetting via bounding box.

### Examples

```

#set path to EBV netCDF
file <- system.file(file.path("extdata", "martins_comcom_id1_20220208_v1.nc"), package="ebvcube")
#get all datacubeopath of EBV netCDF
datacubes <- ebv_datacubeopath(file, verbose=FALSE)

#set path to shp file
shp_path <- system.file(file.path("extdata", "subset_germany.shp"), package="ebvcube")

#read subset - return Raster
cSAR.germany <- ebv_read_shp(filepath = file, datacubeopath = datacubes[1,1],
                             entity = 1, timestep = 1, shp = shp_path,
                             outputpath = NULL, ignore_RAM = TRUE)

```

---

 ebv\_resample

 Change the resolution of the data of an EBV netCDF
 

---

### Description

Change the resolution of one datacube of a EBV netCDF based on another EBV netCDF or a given resolution.

### Usage

```
ebv_resample(
  filepath_src,
  datacube_path_src,
  entity_src = NULL,
  timestep_src = 1,
  resolution,
  outputpath,
  method = "bilinear",
  return_raster = FALSE,
  overwrite = FALSE,
  ignore_RAM = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

### Arguments

filepath_src	Character. Path to the netCDF file whose resolution should be changed.
datacube_path_src	Character. Path to the datacube (use <a href="#">ebv_datacube_paths()</a> ) whose resolution should be changed.
entity_src	Character or Integer. Default is NULL. If the structure is 3D, the entity argument is set to NULL. Else, a character string or single integer value must indicate the entity of the 4D structure of the EBV netCDFs.
timestep_src	Integer. Choose one or several timesteps (vector).
resolution	Either the path to an EBV netCDF file that determines the resolution (character) or the resolution defined directly (numeric). The vector defining the resolution directly must contain three elements: the x-resolution, the y-resolution and the corresponding EPSG code, e.g. c(0.25, 0.25, 4326).
outputpath	Character. Set path to write data as GeoTiff on disk.
method	Character. Default: bilinear. Define resampling method. Choose from: "near", "bilinear", "cubic" and "cubicspline". For categorical data, use 'near'. Based on <a href="#">terra::project()</a> .
return_raster	Logical. Default: FALSE. Set to TRUE to directly get the corresponding SpatRaster object.
overwrite	Logical. Default: FALSE. Set to TRUE to overwrite the output file defined by 'outputpath'.

ignore_RAM	Logical. Default: FALSE. Checks if there is enough space in your memory to read the data. Can be switched off (set to TRUE).
verbose	Logical. Default: TRUE. Turn off additional prints by setting it to FALSE.

### Value

Default: returns the outputpath of the GeoTiff with the new resolution. Optional: return the raster object with the new resolution.

### Examples

```
#set path to EBV netCDF
file <- system.file(file.path("extdata", "martins_comcom_id1_20220208_v1.nc"),
                    package="ebvcube")
#get all datacube paths of EBV netCDF
datacubes <- ebv_datacube_paths(file, verbose=FALSE)

#define different resolutions
res1 <- system.file(file.path("extdata",
                             "baisero_spepop_id5_20220405_v1_empty.nc"), package="ebvcube")
res2 <- c(0.5,0.5,4326)
#define output path
out <- file.path(system.file(package='ebvcube'), "extdata", "changeRes.tif")

## Not run:
#resample using a netCDF file - return GeoTiff
ebv_resample(filepath_src = file, datacube_path_src = datacubes[1,1],
             entity_src=1, timestep_src = 1, resolution = res1,
             outputpath = out, overwrite=TRUE)

#resample defining the resolution and EPSG code by hand - return Raster
data_raster <- ebv_resample(filepath_src = file, datacube_path_src = datacubes[1,1],
                           entity_src=1, timestep_src = 1, resolution = res2,
                           outputpath = out, method='near', return_raster=TRUE,
                           overwrite=TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

---

 ebv\_trend

*Plot the trend of an EBV NetCDF*


---

### Description

Plot the trend of one datacube of a EBV NetCDF over time (x-axis). Different options can be chosen based on the method argument.

**Usage**

```
ebv_trend(
  filepath,
  datacubeopath,
  entity = NULL,
  method = "mean",
  subset = NULL,
  color = "dodgerblue4",
  touches = TRUE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

**Arguments**

filepath	Character. Path to the NetCDF file.
datacubeopath	Character. Path to the datacube (use <a href="#">ebv_datacubeopaths()</a> ).
entity	Character or Integer. Default is NULL. If the structure is 3D, the entity argument is set to NULL. Else, a character string or single integer value must indicate the entity of the 4D structure of the EBV netCDFs.
method	Character. Default: mean. Choose one of the following options for different plots: mean, min, max, boxplot. See <b>Note</b> for more information.
subset	Character. Default: NULL. If you want to look at the trend for a spatial subset, define the path to the shapefile encompassing the area. Ending needs to be *.shp.
color	Character. Default: dodgerblue4. Change to any color known by <a href="#">R grDevices::colors()</a>
touches	Logical. Optional. Default: TRUE. Only relevant if the subset is indicated by a shapefile. See <a href="#">ebv_read_shp()</a> .
verbose	Logical. Default: TRUE. Turn off additional prints by setting it to FALSE.

**Value**

Returns plots and eventually values based on the method argument. See **Note** for more information

**Note**

More information on the method argument: using mean will result in a plot of the mean over time, additionally a vector of the mean values is returned. If the data encompasses only one timestep a single mean is returned. Corresponding behavior can be expected for min and max. The boxplot option results in boxplots over time (no values are returned).

**Examples**

```
#set path to EBV netCDF
file <- system.file(file.path("extdata", "martins_comcom_id1_20220208_v1.nc"), package="ebvcube")
#get all datacubeopaths of EBV netCDF
datacubes <- ebv_datacubeopaths(file, verbose=FALSE)
```

```
#plot the change of the mean over time of the first datacube
ebv_trend(filepath = file, datacubeopath = datacubes[1,1], entity = 1)
```

---

ebv\_write

*Write the extracted data on your disk as a GeoTiff*


---

## Description

After you extracted data from the EBV netCDF and worked with it this function gives you the possibility to write it to disk as a GeoTiff.

## Usage

```
ebv_write(
  data,
  outputpath,
  epsg = 4326,
  extent = c(-180, 180, -90, 90),
  type = "FLT8S",
  overwrite = FALSE,
  verbose = TRUE
)
```

## Arguments

data	Your data object. May be SpatRaster, array, DelayedMatrix or list of DelayedMatrix (see return values of <a href="#">ebv_read()</a> )
outputpath	Character. Set the path where you want to write the data to disk as a GeoTiff. Ending needs to be *.tif.
epsg	Integer. Default: 4326 (WGS84). Defines the coordinate reference system via the corresponding epsg code.
extent	Numeric. Default: c(-180,180,-90,90). Defines the extent of the data: c(xmin, xmax, ymin, ymax).
type	Character. Default is FLT8S Indicate the datatype of the GeoTiff file. Possible values: INT1S, INT2S, INT2U, INT4S, INT4U, FLT4S, FLT8S.
overwrite	Logical. Default: FALSE. Set to TRUE to overwrite the outputfile defined by 'outputpath'.
verbose	Logical. Default: TRUE. Turn off additional prints by setting it to FALSE.

## Value

Returns the outputpath.

**Note**

If the nodata value of your data is not detected correctly, this could be due to the wrong choice of the datatype (type argument).

**Examples**

```
#set path to EBV netCDF
file <- system.file(file.path("extdata", "martins_comcom_id1_20220208_v1.nc"), package="ebvcube")
#get all datacube paths of EBV netCDF
datacubes <- ebv_datacube_paths(file, verbose=FALSE)

## Not run:
#read data
data <- ebv_read(filepath = file, datacube_path = datacubes[1,1], timestep = 1, entity = 1)
# HERE YOU CAN WORK WITH YOUR DATA

#write data to disk as GeoTiff
out <- file.path(system.file(package='ebvcube'), "extdata", "write_data.tif")
ebv_write(data = data, outputpath = out, overwrite = TRUE)

#read a subset
data_bb <- ebv_read_bb(filepath = file, datacube_path = datacubes[1,1],
                      entity = 1, timestep = 1:3, bb = c(5,15,47,55))

#write subset to disk as GeoTiff
ebv_write(data = data_bb, outputpath = out, extent = c(5,15,47,55), overwrite = TRUE)

## End(Not run)
```

---

world\_boundaries

*Simple outlines of world countries*

---

**Description**

Simple outlines of world countries

**Usage**

```
world_boundaries
```

**Format**

A data.frame with 177 elements and geometry as WKT

**Source**

Data downloaded from [Natural Earth](#). Used version 4.0.0 and reduced attributes.

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